#### TILAK AYURVED MAHAVIDYALAYA

### 583/2, RASTA PETH, PUNE

#### Academic Term Planner -PG

Course/Class: PG 2nd and 3rd Year

Year 2024 - 2025

Subject: Shalyatantra

PAPER - I - SHALYA TANTRA VANGMAYA - LITERATURE, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

PAPER - II - SHALYA TANTRA VIGYAN

PAPER - III - ADHUNIK SHALYA KARMA - MODERN SURGERY

PAPER - IV - SPECIALITY NO - 01 ANUSHASTRA VIGYAN - PARASURGICAL THERAPEUTICS

SPECIALITY NO-02 ASTHI SANDHI EVAM MARMA VIGYAN - ORTHOPAEDICS

SPECIALITY NO-03 SANGYAHARAN VIGYAN - ANAESTHESIOLOGY

SPECIALITY NO - 04 MUTRA ROGA - UROLOGY

## Name of the Shalyatantra Departmental Faculty:

1.	Dr Nandkishor Borse	Professor & HOD
2.	Dr Nitin Nalawade	Professor
3.	Dr Dhanaraj Gaikawad	Associate Professsor
4.	Dr Dipak Poman	Associate Professsor
5.	Dr Vinod Sheth	Assistant Professor
6.	Dr Omkar Jyotik	Assistant Professor
7.	Dr Shruti Jondhale	Assistant Professor
8.	Dr. Monali Deshmukh	Assistant Professor

Point No.	Content	Lecture Hours
F	PAPER – I - SHALYA TANTRA VANGMAYA – LITERATURE, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPI	MENT
1	Thorough study of the Sushruta Samhita including other relevant portions of Brihattrayee and Laghutrayee	30
2	Knowledge and importance of Surgical Audit and Research.	05
3	Medico legal issues – Understanding the implications of acts of omission and commission in practice. Issues regarding Consumer Protection Act, medical profession, national health policy - Implications in a medico-legal case like accidents, assaults etc	10
4	Surgical ethics including Informed consent	05
5	Yogya Vidhi – Practical and Experimental training on different types of Surgical Models for Research in Surgery.	10
6	Clinical and diagnostic methods in Shalya Tantra - X-rays, U.S.G., Endoscopies (for diagnostic and treatment purposes), MRI, CAT scanning and other recent diagnostic tools.	20

HOD DEPT OF SHALYA TANTRA

TAMV PUNE

7	Concept of Sandhana Karma – Plastic reconstructive and cosmetic surgery.	15
,	Fundamentals of Sandhana Karma – i. Karna Sandhana – Auroplasty ii. Nasa	13
	Sandhana – Rhinoplasty iii. Ostasandhana – Cheiloplasty iv. Grafts and Flaps –	
	Techniques and applications. v. Vascular anastomosis and grafts.	
8	Recent development on Sushruta's surgical principles and practices.	05
	PAPER – II - SHALYA TANTRA VIGYAN	100
1	Vrana – Wound management i. Management of Nija Vrana, Dushta Vrana and Nadi	25
	Vrana. ii. Vrana Chikitsa – Shasti upakramas, Pathya-apathya. iii. Wound and Ulcer.	
	iv. Dagdha Vrana – Burns, scalds, Dhumopaghata, Ushnavata, Frost bite, electric	
	burns and their management. v. Prameha Pidaka – Diabetic carbuncle, Diabetic	
	wound and its management. vi. Kotha – Gangrene and Principles of Amputation.	
	vii. Sadyo Vrana - Traumatic wounds – Nidana, Prakara, Lakshana, Upadrava and	
	Chikitsa, Bites and stings and its management	
2	Pranasta Shalya – Diagnosis and management.	05
3	Vranashopha-Inflammation, Vidradhi – Abscesses and Pidika – Boils	05
4	Granthi – Cyst and Arbuda – Benign and malignant Neoplasm.	05
5	Bhagna - Classification, Clinical features, Complications and Management.	10
6	Sandimoksha – Classification, Clinical features, Complications and Management.	05
7	Udara Roga - Aetiopathogenesis, Classification, Clinical features, Diagnosis,	05
	Complications and Management	
8	Gulma Roga - Nidana, Prakara, Lakshana, Upadrava and Chikitsa	05
9	Shoola vyadhi - Nidana, Prakara, Lakshana, Upadrava and Chikitsa.	05
10	. Diseases of Rectum and Anal Canal – Aetiopathogenesis, Classification, Clinical	10
	features, Diagnosis, Complications and Management of Arshas, Parikartika,	
	Bhagandara, Guda Vidradi, Gudabhramsa and Sanniruddaguda.	
11	Ashmari - Aetiopathogenesis, Classification, Clinical features, Diagnosis,	05
	Complications and Management.	
12	Mutraghata and Mutrakrichhra - Aetiopathogenesis, Classification, Clinical	05
	features, Diagnosis, Complications and Management.	
13	. Niruddhaprakasha - Phimosis, Parivartika – Paraphimosis and Avapatika -	05
	Prepuceal ulcer	
14	Vriddhi Roga - Aetiopathogenesis, Classification, Clinical features, Diagnosis,	05
	Complications and Management	
	PAPER – III - ADHUNIK SHALYA KARMA - MODERN SURGERY	
1	Fundamentals of modern surgery and treatment of surgical disorders including	05
1	surgical anatomy, physiology and pathology.	03
2	Diagnosis and Surgical treatment of head and spine injury, thoracic trauma and	05
2	abdominal trauma. Blast injuries and Management	03
3	Diagnosis and surgical measures for disorders of Artery, Vein, Ligaments, Muscles	10
J	and Tendons.	10
4	Diagnosis and Surgical management of neck disorders e.g. salivary glands, thyroid,	05
	Thyroglossal cyst and Fistula, Branchial cyst and fistula, Cystic hygroma and	03
	Lympadenopathies.	
5	Diagnosis and Surgical management of breast diseases, Benign and Malignant	10
-	breast tumours	10
6	Diagnosis and Surgical managers of diagnose of Cost-intentinal control	20
6	Diagnosis and Surgical measures of diseases of Gastrointestinal system - i. Oral	30
6	Diagnosis and Surgical measures of diseases of Gastrointestinal system - i. Oral cavity - Oral ulcers, Oral cancer, Precancerous conditions, Submucosal fibrosis, Leukoplakia, Cleft lip and palate, Lip tumours, Mucosal cyst, Nasopharyngeal	30

	Neoplasm, Strictures and Gastro oesophageal reflux. iii. Stomach and duodenum – Congenital anomalies, Injuries, Inflammation, Ulcer, Neoplasm, Pyloric stenosis, Acute dilatation, Hiatus hernia and Foreign bodies. iv. Pancreas - Congenital anomalies, Acute and Chronic pancreatitis, Calculi Neoplasm and Cysts of pancreas. v. Peritoneum, Omentum, Mesentery, Retroperitoneal Space – Peritonitis, Abscess, Neoplasm, Mesenteric cyst, Torsion of mesentery, Vascular thrombosis, Retroperitoneal cyst and Fibrosis. vi. Abdominal mass - Diagnosis and Management. vii. Small intestine - Congenital anomalies, Inflammation, Ulcer, Neoplasm, Stenosis, Injuries, Foreign bodies, Diverticuli, Peutz-jeghers syndrome, Chron's disease, Carcinoid tumours, Enteric perforation and Intestinal fistula. viii. Large intestine - Congenital anomalies, Inflammation, Ulcer, Neoplasm, Stenosis,	
	Injuries, Foreign bodies, Diverticuli, Faecal fistula, Amoebiasis and Familial polyposis coli. ix. Caecum and Vermiform appendix- Appendicitis, Appendicular abscess, Appendicular mass, Perforation, Carcinoid Tumor and other Neoplasm. x.	
	Gastrointestinal bleeding – Haemetemesis, Malaena, Haemobilia, Bleeding per anum - Causes, Diagnosis and Management xi. Rectum and anal canal - Diagnosis and Surgical management of Congenital Anomalies, Inflammation, Ulcer, Neoplasm, Stenosis, Prolapse, Haemorroids, Fistula-in-ano, Fissure-in-ano, Anorectal Abscess, Incontinence, Injuries, Foreign bodies and Pilonidal sinus.	
7	Umbilicus and abdominal wall – Congenital anomalies, Umbilical infections, Sinus, Neoplasm and Desmoid tumor.	05
8	Diagnosis and surgical measures of diseases of Hepatobiliary system - i. Liver – Abscess, Cyst - Hydatid cyst, Primary and Secondary malignant tumours, Portal Hypertension and Budd-Chiari Syndrome. ii. Gall bladder and Bile duct - Congenital anomalies, Acute and Chronic Cholecystitis, Cholelithiasis, Neoplasm, Cholangitis, Stenosis, Choledocholith iasis, Choledochal cyst and Cholangiocarcinoma. iii.	10
9	Spleen – Splenomegaly and Splenic Injury.  Diagnosis and surgical management of Hernias – Inguinal, Femoral, Umbilical, Incisional, Abdominal wall and other hernias.	10
10	Endoscopic procedures - Oesophagogastroduodenoscopy, Sigmoidoscopy and Colonoscopy.	05
11	Principles of laproscopic surgery - Diagnostic and therapeutic laparoscopy.	05
	PAPER IV	
	PAPER – IV SPECIALITY NO - 01 ANUSHASTRA VIGYAN – PARASURGICAL THERAPEUT	TICS
1	1. Kshara Karma and Prayoga — Caustic therapy i. Introduction of different types of Kshara, Method of preparation, Standardization, pH value, Application, Complications and its management. ii. Surgical Anatomy and Physiology of Anus and Rectum. iii. Arshas - Nidana, Purvaroopa, Roopa, Samprapti, Prakara and Chikitsa. iv. Haemorrhoids - Aetio-pathogenesis, types and its surgical management. Knowledge of different methods of treating Haemorrhoids - Rubber band ligation, D.G.H.A.L, Radiofrequency, Ablation, Cryo-surgery, Cautery, Laser, Infrared coagulation and other advanced techniques. v. Bhagandara - Nidana, Purvaroopa, Roopa, Samprapti, Prakara, Chikitsa and application of Kshara Sutra. vi. Fistula-in-ano - Definition, Aetio-Pathogenesis, Types, Diagnostic methods and its Surgical and parasurgical management including knowledge of Fibrin Glue, Advanced Flap Therapies and other recent techniques. vii. Parikartika - Nidana, Samprapti and its Chikitsa. viii. Fissure-in-ano - Aetio-pathogenesis, types and its management. ix. Sannirudhaguda and its Chikitsa. x. Anal Stenosis - Aetio-pathogenesis and its management. xi. Gudavidradhi - Nidana, Purvaroopa, Roopa, Samprapti, Prakara and its Chikitsa. xii. Anorectal abscesses — Aetio-pathogenesis,	10

	types, complications and its management. xiii. Foreign body in rectum and anal	
	canal - Method of diagnosis and its management. xiv. Congenital Anorectal	
^	disorders and its management. xv. Anorectal tumour - Types and its management.	0.7
2	. Agnikarma – Thermo therapy i. Introduction, definition and importance of	07
	Agnikarma. ii. Agnikarma - Poorva, Pradhana and Paschat karma, various	
	substances and Shalakas used for Agnikarma and their indications, contra-	
	indications and complications. iii. Knowledge of modern thermal equipment -	
	Diathermy, Laser therapy, Microwave, Ultracission technique, Cryo Technique and	
	its uses. iv. Effect of Agnikarma on skin, muscle tissue, nerves, metabolism, blood	
	circulation and infective lesions	
3	3. Raktamokshana – Bloodletting Procedures i. Indications, contraindications and	08
	importance of Raktamokshana. ii. Justification of usage of different types of	
	Raktamokshana in various therapeutic applications. iii. Different types of	
	Raktamokshana – Sastrakritha - Siravyadhana, Prachana and Asastrakritha -	
	Shringa, Jaluka, Alabu and Ghati. iv. Jalauka - Nirukti, Paryaya, Bhedha,	
	Sangrahana, Samrakshana, Jalaukavacharana Vidhi - Poorva, Pradhana and Paschat	
	karma. v. Knowledge of Leeches - Morphology, Anatomy, Physiology, Bio-chemical	
	effects of its various constituents present in its saliva.	
	PAPER – IV - SPECIALITY NO-02 ASTHI SANDHI EVAM MARMA VIGYAN – ORTHOPAED	DICS
	Asthi Sharira - Etymology, Embryology, Applied Anatomy and Physiology of Asthi.	01
•	Its Panchbhautik constitution, Poshan (Nutrition), Asthivaha Srotas, Upadhatu and	0.
	Mala. Total Number and classification of Asthi. Concept of Dhatwagni in Ayurveda.	
	Asthi Dhatu Kshaya and Vriddhi lakshana. Knowledge about Tarunasthi.	
	Embryology, Ossification, Histology, Metabolism, Blood Supply, Types and	
	Biomechanics of Bone and cartilage	
2	Healing mechanism of bone and factors influencing the bone healing according to	
-	Ayurvedic and Modern concept. Biological and Biophysical technologies for the	
	Enhancement of Fracture Repair. Knowledge of Sandhaniya and Ropaniya drugs.	
3	Sandhi Sharira – Classification, Applied Anatomy and Physiology of Asthi Sandhi.	1
	Classification, Applied Anatomy and Physiology of Joints and Healing Mechanism of	
	a joint.	
1	Knowledge of Splints, Orthotics & Prosthetics.	01
5	Knowledge of Orthopedic implants (e.g. wires, screws, plates, nails) and	- In the state of
	Instruments. Knowledge of equipments (e.g. C-arm image intensifier and drill	
	machines etc).	
,	Concept of Pain according to Ayurved and Modern Medical science	01
6		0.1
	Principles of Reconstruction, Transplantation, Bone grafting, Bone Banking, Bone	01
7	Principles of Reconstruction, Transplantation, Bone grafting, Bone Banking, Bone transportation and Amputation.	01
7		01
7	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi,	
7	transportation and Amputation.	
8	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi, Avabahuka, Manyastambha, Khalvi, Dhatugata vata, Snayugata vata, Katishoola,	
7 8 9	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi, Avabahuka, Manyastambha, Khalvi, Dhatugata vata, Snayugata vata, Katishoola, Katigraha  Diseases pertaining to Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments, Fascia and Bursae	01
7 8 9	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi, Avabahuka, Manyastambha, Khalvi, Dhatugata vata, Snayugata vata, Katishoola, Katigraha  Diseases pertaining to Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments, Fascia and Bursae  Diseases and Congenital anomalies of Spine e.g. Ankylosing spondylitis, Infective	01
7 8 9	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi, Avabahuka, Manyastambha, Khalvi, Dhatugata vata, Snayugata vata, Katishoola, Katigraha  Diseases pertaining to Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments, Fascia and Bursae  Diseases and Congenital anomalies of Spine e.g. Ankylosing spondylitis, Infective conditions, Tuberculosis, Spondylolisthesis, Inter-vertebral Disc Prolapse, CCIM MS	01
7 8 9	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi, Avabahuka, Manyastambha, Khalvi, Dhatugata vata, Snayugata vata, Katishoola, Katigraha  Diseases pertaining to Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments, Fascia and Bursae  Diseases and Congenital anomalies of Spine e.g. Ankylosing spondylitis, Infective conditions, Tuberculosis, Spondylolisthesis, Inter-vertebral Disc Prolapse, CCIM MS Ayurved –Shalya Tantra Syllabus Page 5 of 10 Spondylosis, Scoliosis, Kyphosis,	01
7 8 9 10	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi, Avabahuka, Manyastambha, Khalvi, Dhatugata vata, Snayugata vata, Katishoola, Katigraha  Diseases pertaining to Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments, Fascia and Bursae  Diseases and Congenital anomalies of Spine e.g. Ankylosing spondylitis, Infective conditions, Tuberculosis, Spondylolisthesis, Inter-vertebral Disc Prolapse, CCIM MS Ayurved – Shalya Tantra Syllabus Page 5 of 10 Spondylosis, Scoliosis, Kyphosis, spina bifida, Hemivertebra, Block vertebra, Sacralisation and Lumbraisation	01
7 8 9 10	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi, Avabahuka, Manyastambha, Khalvi, Dhatugata vata, Snayugata vata, Katishoola, Katigraha  Diseases pertaining to Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments, Fascia and Bursae  Diseases and Congenital anomalies of Spine e.g. Ankylosing spondylitis, Infective conditions, Tuberculosis, Spondylolisthesis, Inter-vertebral Disc Prolapse, CCIM MS Ayurved – Shalya Tantra Syllabus Page 5 of 10 Spondylosis, Scoliosis, Kyphosis, spina bifida, Hemivertebra, Block vertebra, Sacralisation and Lumbraisation  Diseases and Congenital anomalies of Cervical Spine	01
	transportation and Amputation.  Vata Vikara – Asthi, Sandhi and Marma related Vata Vikara like Gridhrasi, Bisvachi, Avabahuka, Manyastambha, Khalvi, Dhatugata vata, Snayugata vata, Katishoola, Katigraha  Diseases pertaining to Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments, Fascia and Bursae  Diseases and Congenital anomalies of Spine e.g. Ankylosing spondylitis, Infective conditions, Tuberculosis, Spondylolisthesis, Inter-vertebral Disc Prolapse, CCIM MS Ayurved – Shalya Tantra Syllabus Page 5 of 10 Spondylosis, Scoliosis, Kyphosis, spina bifida, Hemivertebra, Block vertebra, Sacralisation and Lumbraisation	01

15	Diseases and Congenital anomalies of Limbs	
16	. Orthopedic Neurological Disorders. Post Polio Paralysis & Cerebral Palsy	
17	Snehana, Swedana and Panchakarma in Marma, Asthi and Sandhi Vyadhi	01
18	Yogic Practices in Orthopedics	01
19	Principles of Arthroplasty- Joint Replacement	
20	Introduction of Peripheral Vascular Diseases	01
21	Bhagna - Etiology, classification and General Management principles and Prognosis	01
22	Modern concept of Bone and Joint injuries - Etiology, Epidemiology, Classification and General management principles	01
23	Individual Bone and Joint injuries - Etiology, Epidemiology, Classification and management principles	01
24	External immobilization techniques - Classical and traditional Kusha -splints, Plaster	01
25	of Paris Technique, Knowledge of different splints and Plasters  Pathological Fractures including Fragility fractures, Stress Fractures and	01
26	Periprosthetic Fractures.  . Fractures in Children – Etiology, Epidemiology, Diagnosis, management and complications	
27	Prognosis of skeletal injuries, Complications of Fractures and Joint Injuries e.g.  Myositis ossificans, Volkman's ischemic contracture, Compartment syndrome, Crush Syndrome, DVT, Thromboembolism, Fat Embolism.	01
28	.Rehabilitation of trauma patient and Principles of Sukhchestaprachara - Physiotherapy and its use in skeletal injuries.	01
29	. Treatment Principles of Asahanta Bhagna - Non-unions, Vishmolvana Sahanta - Malunions and Ignored or un-reduced dislocations	
30	Diagnosis and management principles of injuries of Vessels, Nerves, Tendons and Ligaments.	01
31	Head, Chest and Abdominal Injuries and management principles	01
32	Pelvis and Spine injuries and their management principles	
33	Sports medicine and sports injures – Sports medicine and sports related Shoulder	01
	injuries, Elbow injuries, Knee injuries, Ankle Injuries, Recurrent Dislocations and other sports related injuries.	
34	Knowledge of Conventional and advanced procedures being done for Different Bone and Joint Injuries e.g. Open Reduction and Internal Fixation, Closed	01
2.5	Reduction and Internal Fixation, External fixators and other operative techniques.	0.1
35	Knowledge of Plastic Surgery in orthopedics and Bone grafting techniques  Knowledge of various surgical procedures being done for Different Bone and Joint	01
37	Diseases.  Hand Surgery for Diseases, Deformities and Injuries	01
38	. Foot Surgery for Diseases, Deformities and Injuries.	
39	Amputations and Arthrodesis – General Principles of Amputations /Arthrodesis and regional Amputations.	01
40	Knowledge of Diagnostic and Theraputic Arthroscopy.	
	PAPER – IV - SPECIALITY NO-03 SANGYAHARAN VIGYAN – ANAESTHESIOLOGY	
1	. Knowledge of disorders like Unmada, Apasmara, Mada, Murrcha, Sanyasa and Stabdhata etc	01
2	Madataya, Stages of Madataya and its management.	01
3	. Pharmacology of Medhya, Vednasthapak, Madkari, Sangyasthapak, Nidrajanan, Akshepjanan and shamana, Svedjanan, Hridyae, Hridyotejak, Raktbharshamak, Shoolprashaman, Vaman and hrillashar (Antiemetic) dravya as mentioned in	02

	Ayurvedic samhita and their application in Sangyaharan	- 165
4	Aroma therapy as complementary and alternative therapy in pain management	01
	and Palliative care.	
5	Sangyaharan Bheshaja Vigyan (Pharmacology related to Anesthesia) Pharmacology	04
	of: Drugs acting on Autonomic nervous system: • a .Cholinergic system and drugs-	many is to
	Agonist and antagonist b .Adrenergic system and drugs- Agonist and antagonist	SHIP NEW
	Autocoids and related drugs: • a. Histamine and Antihistaminic b. 5HT and	
	antagonist c. NSAID'S d. Prostaglandins and leukotrienes Drugs acting on	
	Respiratory system• Drugs acting on Somatic nervous system• a. Skeletal muscle	
	relaxants – Depolarizer and Non-Depolarizer. b. Local anesthetics Drugs acting on	
	central nervous system• a. General Anesthetics- Fixed and Volatile anesthetic	
	agents. b. Sedative and hypnotics c. Anti epileptics d. Anti psychotic and anti-	
	maniacs e. Opioids Analgesics and antagonists Drugs acting on cardiovascular	3,69
	system• a. Cardiac glycosides b. Anti arrhythmic drugs c. Anti anginal and other anti ischemic drugs d. Anti hypertensive drugs Drugs acting on Kidneys• a.	
	Diuretics b. Anti diuretics Coagulants and anti coagulants	
6	Airway management- Intubation, failed intubation drill, LMA, Bag and mask	02
,	ventilation.	02
7	Anesthesia For: General surgery, Obstetric and Gynecology, E.N.T. and Ophthalmic,	02
	Orthopedic, Dental, Pediatric, Urology, Plastic and Outpatient / Day care surgery.	
8	Anesthesia for patients with: Diabetes mellitus, Thyroid diseases, inherited	02
	metabolic diseases, Obesity, Respiratory diseases, Cardiac diseases, Renal diseases,	3.550
	Geriatric problems and neuromuscular diseases.	
)	Regional anesthesia: Sub-arachnoid and epidural anesthesia, analgesia • Plexus	03
	and nerve blocks for upper and lower limb. Regional anesthesia for thorax and	
	abdomen● Surface anesthesia, infiltration and field blocks●	
10	Complications of Regional and general anesthesia, morbidity, mortality and	02
	medicolegal aspects.	
11	Anesthesia for Endoscopic, laparoscopic Surgery and Laser Surgery	01
12	a. Monitoring in anesthesia: Cardiovascular, Respiratory, Renal function,	04
	Neurologic and neuromuscular• monitoring. Peri- operative Thermo- regulation	
	and monitoring. Peri- operative awareness and monitoring depth of anesthesia	
	with BIS. Peri- operative acid-base balance Pt's positioning in anesthesia, its	l A
	hazards and management • Peri- operative Fluid management and Blood transfusion. • Risks and hazards of anesthesia • b. Anesthesia equipments –	
		- 10
	Medical gas systems ◆ Breathing systems ◆ Ventilators ◆ Anesthesia machine ◆ c.  Post operative management - Post anesthesia care ◆ Post operative nausea and	
	vomiting  Post operative Indused and Vomiting  Post operative Indused Indus	
	d. Miscellaneous- HDU, ICU, CCPR- BLS• & ACLS. Parentral nutrition.•	
	Environmental factor and electrical safety • e. Management of Acute / Chronic	
	Pain- Assessment of pain• Peri-operative pain• Chronic pain syndrome-detection	
	and prevention• WHO regime for Cancer pain• TENS, Behavioral therapy• f.	
	Anesthesia in remote locations g. Clinical care in extreme environments (At high	
	and low pressure and space). h. Relevance of Sammohana (Hypnosis), Acupressure	
	and Acupuncture in Sangyaharan. i. Recent advances in research in Sangyahrana,	
	Pain Management and Palliative Care. Scope and Application of principles of	
	Ayurveda in Sangyahrana Research.	
	PAPER – IV - SPECIALITY NO – 04 MUTRA ROGA – UROLOGY	
1	Anatomical and physiological knowledge of hidron waster with a distribution	02
L	Anatomical and physiological knowledge of kidney, ureter, urinary bladder, prostate, seminal vesicles, urethra and penis	02
	prostate, serima vesicies, dretina and penis	

	Can American Urinary tract	02
2	Investigations of Mutravaha Srotas – Urinary tract.	03
3	Aetiopathogenesis, Classification, Clinical features, Diagnosis, Complications and	
	management of Ashmari – Urinary stone diseases.	03
4	Kidney and ureter – Clinical presentation, Investigations and Management of	05
	Congenital anomalies, Trauma, Infection, Neoplasm, Hydronephrosis, Hydroureter	
	and Hapmaturia	03
5	Urinary bladder - Clinical presentation, Investigations and Management of	03
	Concenital anomalies, Trauma, Infection, Neoplasm, Diverticulum, Vesico-	
	vaginalfistula, Atony, Schistosomiasis, Urinary diversions, Retention of urine –	
	Mutakruchata and Mutrakrucha	02
6	Light and Clinical procentation. Investigations and Management of Congenital	03
0	anomalies – Hypospadias, Epispadias, Posterior urethral valve, Trauma, Infection,	
	and Noonlasm	-
7	Prostate and seminal vesicles – Benign and malignant enlargement of prostate,	02
7	Prostaticis, Prostatic abscess and Calculi.	
	Penis – Clinical presentation, Investigations and Management of Congenital	02
8	anomalies, Trauma, Infection, Phimosis, Paraphimosis, Peyronie's disease and	
	Neoplasm	03
9	Testis and scrotum-Clinical presentation, Investigations and Management of	
	Congenital anomalies, Ectopic testis, Trauma, Infection, Neoplasm, Testicular	
	torsion, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Spematocele, Chylocele, Pyocele, Haematocele,	
	Epididymal cyst and Fournier's gangrene.	02
10	Renal failure – Causes, Diagnosis, Investigations and Management.	

# PRACTICALS

1	Identification, uses, demonstration of surgical instruments and methods of sterilization.
2	Training of case taking, bed side clinicals and case presentation
3	Training of Surgery related Diagnostic imaging techniques.
4	Training of Surgery related Pre-operative, Operative and Post-operative procedures
5	Demonstration and Practical training in Anaesthesia
6	P.G. Scholars shall develop the skills by observing, assisting and performing
7	P.G. Scholars shall develop the skills by observing, assisting and performing independently concerned specialities like Anushastra Vigyan - Parasurgical therapeutics, Asthi Sandhi Evam Marma Vigyan – Orthopaedics, Sangyaharan
	Vigyan – Anaesthesiology, Mutra Roga – Urology etc
8	Training of Surgical Emergencies and Trauma Management